OREAD MOUNTAINEERINGOLUB
NEWSLETTER

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## EDTHRRIAL

This, my first newsletter, was destined from iss conception to be affected by that old adversary "the cook up". It was as though I had Digger Williams looking over my shoulder when pen wen to paper or fingers thumped heavily on the keyboards. Duplicating ink covers most of the walls at No. 88 and it's cost me a fortune in biro refills - Anyway, it's out and I hope you enjoy the reading.

On looking back over the previous editions the format of the newsletter hasn't changed a great deal and this one is no exception. However, I have given some thought to the cossibility of changing the presentation in some way with particular reference to easier cataloguing and filing by each individual member. Therefore, should you have any ideas on the subject, drop ne a line or have a word down in the pub (or on Meets if I'm there!!) Z'11 be only too pleased to discuss any ideas that you may have, but remember that cost is an important factor. The Editorial of VCL 18 No. 3 concerned this subject and Chris Radcliffe wo was the 'spurge merchant' at the time put foxward several comments but ctasad that the cost of elaborating, for want of a better word, would be high. This was back in November 1971 so you can guess as well as anybody that today the word money is spelt with a capical "M". To give you an example of what you are paying for, $T$ went into a stationery shop about four weeks ego and purchased 500 sheets of the paper that you're reading from and the cost was〔1.03立 (per box of 500). Exactly one week later I returned for a further 2,000 sheets and the price had shot up to 81.81 per box of 500 . This week, well it wasn't so bad-E1. 95 per box, but then again they get you on the ink:

Anyway - enough of moaning about inflation - let's get down to what's been happening recently within the club. Since your last newsletter the club has been fairly active but alas very few of you have taken the trouble to put pen to paper. I've received nothing on the Christmas festivities and activities although several teams were away. Club members have been pea-henning in Bormio, Modisimo and the Cairngorms, but again not a word.

This newsietcer is a dit of an odas and sous aftair as you will see as you read thzough it. It has a snattering of the late Alpine visitors, a touch of the Bullstone bunders and a dram of the presibents (meet) alcoholics anorymous. It has been a strange affair gathering up and plecing together what you vill find in these few pages but you only have yourselves to blame if you find it as strange as I do. The oniy ronedy is to switch the telly off and get cracking on some acticle, Doen or perhaps a write up on a recent meet, even if you didn't lead it. The floor is yours - inse it.

The $A, G, M$. came in havch and se gave $y=2 i l$ a chance to air our views as well as to listen to tha top twie spouters who have rua your club in the last twolve montss.

The now officers and comallee thit wore elucted ane as
foliuve:~

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President: Gordon Gadsby
Vice President:
Hon. Secretary:
Assistant Secretary:
Hon. Treasurer:
Welsh Hut Custodian:
Derbyshire Hut Custodian: R. Equires
Committee: }\begin{array}{ll}{\mathrm{ D. Burgess S Firth }}\\{}&{\mathrm{ P. Bingham G.Wright C Raddliffe}}\\{\mathrm{ Editor (Newsletter) }}&{\mathrm{ D. Appleby }}\\{\mathrm{ Meets Sec }}&{\mathrm{ K Giegsom.}}
One thing that did come up under A.O.B. was the Tuesday venue - a much heated discussion was finally settled by the committee agreeing to look into the subject. Well, the ball's put back into your court. At the last committee meeting it was augested that suggestions should come from the body of the Clu', so let's have your views to Colin whoday. But one or two points must be borne in mind:
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1. Easy access between Derby, Nottjngham and M.l
2. Ample car parking
3. Plenty of roon for an influx of up to 40 feople.

4 Good ale.
Lets hope that the cominittee recelve plenty of responce to this and so finalizy put it to bed. If no responce is forthcoming it can only be considered that everyone is satiallod with the Moon and wish to stay at the (b.....) place.

In conclusion, some apology must be offexed for the delay in between newsletters. This has bean aased through lack of material and to a lesser extent on the ohangenover butacia Pack Bingham and myself. It is to be hoped that an sdithars Whal be producad three times a year but this depends on reathetai *agaved, therefoxe I awaite your correspondence.


## Thought for the Oread.

There are more precious things that one oan lose. In Ife than ones youth.

## For sale.

I paix of leather lightweight boots, as new, size7-7立. Contact Ed.

Wanted.
Child.s sleeping bag for a seven year old. Contact Ed.

Ior mountain valiong is'in'again (the sumer nomiths are asually too hot for mountain valleing four hundred people clinbed on Soturday to the Benedittenmand (neor unich), a now stop trail oi people from tottom to top, lite a carran ir the desert. The sumit on the Alpspitze (Wetterstain) sair more than five hundred people. Somebody's revarl: 'it's like on the Watterhorm, oniy 3000 m wor do:m", he realiy had hoped to lina scllitude and quiet.
 and pubs are packed, the Alpenveresn warns: Don't count on getting a bed in the huts at the ree'ends. iJo:r even the last benches and tables become hard sloeping places for tired mountain wallerso

The picture of course is not very dirierent on the 01perer in the Tuxer Alps. All t:o hundred Alpinists which clinb the 5500m high 'fashion peane on one day brought along their ropes, ice axes and cranpons. Of course nost of it is then being deposited at the start of the rooly ridge. Were the scrombling storts and a lot of luggage is only of hindrance. A thice (tho naturaliy doesn't exist amongst clinbers) mould have had a good haul.: 6 ropes, 12 iceczes, 7 pair of ski sticks, 17 ruckeacks and 9 pair of croipons. On both Olperer ridges (the aivicult north riage and the ensier noxth east ridge) people climb around lile onts. Theve are yope comondos, shouts oi delight, rather our of tune yodlors a each orie in his o:m voy. "ITow there is no need to be nervous nny nore, theod, re: . or 'Don't keep on standing on my Iingers' - or 'For God's sole, let मie puss if you must be so slow'. But the ridge is narro:7, people hang on steel nopes like bunches of grapes.

The onty chance of having the mountain to yourself is then one comes up by first cabje car early in the morning from there you can be on the sumit in one hour thirty minutes. Howarer lots of people have the same idea in their hends and by the tine it is $8 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{m}_{0}$ ( (that is the tine the lint opens) hundreds are alreedy waiting, wanting to be the first ones. Faturnily there are lots of sumer s? fiers anongst them, as the whole area has been opened up for sl:iers by providing lints and tows everywere.

Another popular peak in the Zillertal is the Ahornspitze (2300m). The lift at the terainal covers the inst 1000m climb up. The folloring conversation has been heard at the teriinal of the lift, where the cabins bring up 50 sumit condidntes every 20 minutes, in front of a signpost seying 'Ahornspitze - - hours': 'Is that time for up and dorm or for up only, Ilenry?'. A local was haard grunbling 'It just depends, silly indam'。

On the path to the sumit we meet walleers or all kinds - their stomachs hanging over the top of their shorts, Fornen in Dirndl.s shoring lots of flesh young people in jeans and old gentelnen wi.th wet hankerchiefs on their bold heads. The sun is hot. On the sumnit we oan hear the shocked outburst: 'But Alfred, your shirt is wet through, you will get a chill'. From the top a. vien from the Grossvenediger right to the Zuckerhdill. Forty people are sitting on the sumait rock ... the sumnt book contains 2500 entries for this year alone. If you also count those that aid not enter, there might have been well over 5000 people on this pald.

So, don't let anyone say te lation into a lazy lot of cardrivers.

After spending a fer very hot days in wich and at the same time depositing the children for a week, we left in the early morning of August 20 th in wet and misty conditions. Talcing the old road over the Brenner to avoid the heavy toll on the ne: Hotormay ( $£ 1.50 \mathrm{p}$ single for approxiamately ten miles) we soon reached Brixen or Bressano there we turned off into the lonely Villnbsser Valley.

We had been zarned of the Italian bandits who strip nearly every car parked in lonely areas so as $\pi$ planned to park at the edge of the forest, everything moveable inside the car ras transferred to the boot.

We got our rucksacks ready and set off for the Brogles Alm, situated at the foot of the massive Geissler Range and soon the high rock walls of the Fermeda Tower came into sight torering above the forest. llot long after our start a thunderstorm breved up and re only just made it to the Brogles Alm (204.5m) before the heavens opened. In the hut we sat in the dark for most of the afternoon with the shutters closed in fear of the hail damaging the windors and with just a little candle per table because there was no electricity supply. Upon enquiring for a Iatratzenlager we were told that they had only a bed or the hay barn to offer. As the price for the bed ras 2,500 Lire ( 22 . 50 p) and the barn only 300 Lire we decided on the barn. This proved to be quite comiortable until the farmer arrived very early in the morning to put the hay on which we were lying down through the trap door to the cows below. I don't linow who had the bigger shock, he or us. The weather was fine and after a quick breakfast we were off up to the Pana Scharte by which one can cross the Geissler Range. Nost of the peaks are actually climbed from the other side. Once on the Pana Col the vien fo the Dolomites unfolded, directly in front the massive Langkoiel, to our leit the Sella Group with the warmolata in the background. We took a short descent across meado is and a steep climb brought us to the sumnit of the Seceda ( 2516 m ). Teedless $t$ saj, a lift spat out a large amount of tourists coming up from the initer sports villages of St. Ulrich and St. Christine of the Grobdner Valley, so we turned our backs on them and took a long traverse across high alpine meadows with their many rare flowers winich bought us to a secluded Alm, where we watched the owner moodcarving for the tourists in the valley. Horrever, a rumble of thunder soon cut short our stay and sent us hurrying dow to the Regensburger ilut (2059m). The hut, large by Alpine standards, proved to be a very plesent place, with a friendly hut warden tho poured out free 'Schnaps' for everybody at bedtime.

With the weather sood again the next day we set orf to climb the highest peal in the Geisler group which is the Sass Rigais (3025m). The usual walk up over high meadoris was talcen beiore reaching the scree gulley of the ittagscharte which me had to climb for several hundred feet before it was possible to traverse out right onto the East ridge. After a thile the climbing gave way to easy scrambling before returning onto the exposed ridge which led direct to the sumnit. On the summit we mere entertained by some perfect jodelling by a group of climbers, whilst me looked at all the rocktowers which surrounded us. Fiost of them, like the Fermeda, Furchette, Torkofel etc., looked inaccessable to us. We took the descent by the much steeper West ridge which soon bought us dow to the Wassex-rinne (contoir). We returned to the Regensburger ilut for another night.

The following day we leít early ana took a path which bought us steeply over broken rocks and scree to the Wassarscharte (2645m) where me crossed the Coissler grom again. The viev was disappointing with patches of mist
srirling all around us. From the col a long descent bought us to the Kreuzjoch before we had to climb back up over the Sobusch and dom again to the Schlluter IIut. Nost of these huts are in Italian hands although they were originally all o:med by Tyrolleans.

From this hut we climbed the Peitler Kofel thich gives on excellent view of the whole Geissler group but again we were unlucky and had to stare at the mist instead. On the way to this pealk wre found the nost gigantic Edelweiss plants. It is the only area that we have ver founi with this rere flower in such great abundance and no tourists there to pick them. We had norr come to the end of our time and descended back into tre valley via the Flunkele Keg, one of the most beautiful walks on the Dolomites, aljays the gigantic rock towors of the Geissler group in full vieng. We found our car in gooc order and without being broken into wich was quite a relief. We drove back to Brizen to have a look round the Itoilian market. Here we cane coross at least four stalls with nothing else but climbing boots for saile from iniont size right up to adult size in all price ranges and qualityंes, so it did not take us long to find just the right pairs for our needs.

We tere soon bacl: in unich eagerly amaited for by the children and after another few days smiming in the lakes it was back to good old England.

TEIIE ISTAMD OF RRUM - JULY 1979

## Gordon Gadsby

'Thore's a whale' cried the small boy, clinging tightly to the handreil as the ex-minesteeper, Loch Aricaig, pounded at full speed through the Sound of Rhun. After some ezcited discussions amongst the rest of the passangens, and a couple more sightings, it wasigenerally agreed that this denizen of the deep treeping pece tith us mis in fact a large shark. It soor ticed of the uneven race and was lost to sight against the derk swaying wave An hour Inter as te slowiy turned into Loch Scresort, some gannets and a great stuo Rashed seross the upper deote as if to melcome us to our home for the ne,t weel, the Island of Rhum.

Landing was interesting on that perfect July evening as we wero ferria first by motor launch and finally by rowing boat across the tranquili. Taters of the loch to step into the slippery seareedcovered landing stage. tractor complete with trailer was there to meet us and to accomodate the mountain of gear piled up on the slipway. It was a mottley crent, six of us from the Oread Lountaineering Club, a dozen Rover Scouts plus leaders, a couple irom the iVature Conservancy of Scetlend, some Scientists, Botanist and 2 lecturer from Bristol University with his family. The warden shook hands ith us and offered a choice of tho oflip-sites, one by the seashore and the other in Kinloch Glen. (The Sotentists otc. would be staying in the former servant's quarters of Kinloch Cistia).

We chose the seashore and as we pitched our tents on this idylic site we saw a smail group of climbers from Lancashire packing their gear away re for the early boat in the morning. Strangely, although it was by nor a co erening, they were all wearing shorts. I chatted to one about this and he said, 'You'll be the same il you have weather lite we've had - it's rained non-stop for days'.

With this sobering thought in mind iorgoret and I took an evening wall along the rough road embracing the head of Loch Scresort. The sley was a
delicate shade of pink, some oyster catchers chattered along the shore line in the gloaming and further out to sea some eider ducks and black throated di:ers were sporting about. Several yachts were dotted across the bay and from one of them a sailor could be heard serenading his girl friend. The road took us by the Warden's house then in about a hundred yards tre came to the entrance of Kinlock Castle, a magnificent building made of red sandstone specially brought from Arran at the turn oi the century. The island was ormed for over a hundred years by the Bullough family and the castle contains many relics and objects of art collected by Sir George and his descendants. On our last day on Rhum we were lucky enough to have a conducted tour of this outpost of luxury on an othervise wild and desolute island. For tonight though we contented ourselves with a peep through the arched gateway and across what used to be extensive lawns, but are now used to grow hay for feeding the small herd of cattle and Rhum ponies on the bleak winter days. The soil for the larms was a.ll imported from Ayrshire in the early 1800s.

Returning to the road by the shore we soon reached the only shop on the island; this is also a Post Ofilice and boasts the only link with the mainland. The shop stocks most small provisions, except bread - there is no need to worry however, as the back shelves are completely stocked up with whisky and canned beer.

Apart from vistors the island has a population of between 30 and 40 persons, all working for the nature conservancys plus a. school teacher. A far cry from the 1780s when the population was over 100 。

After passing the shop the road curves round to the left up Kinloch Glen and continues over the hills for eight miles to Harris Bay where the Bollough family iausoleum is situated, looking like some Grecian Monument, and seeming a bit odd in this wild and benutiful landscape. iargaret and I turned back on the fringe of the Glen and as we slowly retraced our steps the tranquillity of the place was really felt. The pink dappled water in the bay wes now almost still and the twinkling lights of ailaig ( $3 \frac{1}{2}$ hours away by ferry) were reflecting across the sea. Close by the shore the black velvety head of a seal kept bobbing up in its efforts to see if all was clear. As we approached the aera set aside for camping, smole from three camp fires was slowiy spiraling upwards in the still night air. On Rhum all rubbish must be burnt so no excuse was necessnry to start a fire. We joined Frank Shirley, Susan and Julia Goldsmith round their fire and spent a happy hour chatting and contemplating what the mountains of Rhum would have in store for us tomorrow.

We were awakened by the call of the eight o' clock boat - it was a glorious sunny morning, but the dazzling pattern of the cirrus clouds was full of foreboding for the day to come. There were now about firteen of us lert on the site, four lads from the Blackburn area set off at $9.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. with the intention of doing the main ridge, having been thwarted by bad weather for many days, and wehheard later that a group of Rover Scouts had set of at 6.00 a 。m. (very keen leader) also aining for the six summits that comprise the Cuillin of Rhum. Fron conmersations with various parties it appeared that no one had completed the traverse due to either appalling weather conditions, or the fact that some areas had been placed out of bounds (on otherwise good days) by the warden.

By the time Margaret Frank and I were ready it was nearing eleven $o^{\prime}$ clock, the weather was reasonable but fast clouding over. However we decided to have a look at it and set off 2long the track which starts from the Castle grounds and headed for the Bealoch Barkeval, one of the main passes on the Cuillin.

Within the hour we reached a wild open corrie (coire $D_{u b h}$ ) the westerly winds we already bringing a spattering of rain as they swaytover Barkevals 1924 sumnit direotly in front of us. Hallival, whinh lispern the loit of the
 our wetriphoofs and a fer minuter later the ridi came dow in earsest. One hour later me reached the gaikton Barkeval, the wind was by now gale force and the rain content was unbelievable.

Our retreat from the top was impressive, bounding down on loose gravelly slopes with rivulets of water everywhere. Now and again we would startle a small herd of deer. (There are approximately 1500 deer on Rhum, but they would soon be lost to sight in the curtains of rain sweeping across both flanks). The rain continued unabated all that day and the following night with just a brief glimmer of sunshine around ten o clock the next morning - enough to tempt Wargaret and myself into another foray towards the main rioge. This time we took the pony track towards Glen Dibicil and at the himest point of the track we made our way across very boggy risian cround to reach the shores of remote Loch Coire Naa Grunn situated below the saddle between Hallival and Rhum's highest peak, Askivai. Fe had lunch here sitting amongst some of the most bizarre boulders I have ever seen - the rock is Peridotite and the grip it affords for climbing is almost as good (if not better) than sablro. Before we had finished eating, the already low clouds enveloped us completely and we became just two more shapes in the mass of storm riven boulders by the loch side. Within minutes the rain started, sporadic at first and then as the wind increased it came driving down even harder than yesterday.

Reluctantly we decided to descend, but instead of going back the way we had corne we made our way cown to the sea at Bagh no Uamha, the bay of caves, also called Cable Bay, as the telephone cable to the mainland enters the sea at this point. The bay is made up of several small rocky coves, each with a fin sandy beach with fresh water running cown at several points. This would be an ideal spot for campinc, but prior zerrission would have to be obtained fror the waxden. The dibtance from here to the landing stage at Loch Scresort takes a goad $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours along a very sogyy coast? Fo arrivec back at the tents absolutely soaked through ionc more realiy dry clothas left so now we too vere weaking our shorts:

As before the rain continued throughout the night only this tine accompanied by gale force winks, anc in the morning the fine sandy beach in front of oux tents was studed with hoof prints of countless deer driven dom sy the gale. This explainca the grunting we'd hoars above the roar of the wind, and the oruming of the rain and the constant flapeing of the canva By 9.00 a.m. the last of the rain had cone and a watery sun swauenly burst into full brilinasee, the moryy rocks started to stean and the bedraggled camers quickly came to life.

Fxank, Harçaret and I vera away by 10.45 , complete with sweaters hanging on ouz sacs to cry. Wven so ws were alrnost an hour behind the nover foouts and our friend pocex avery from Bristol. The weather remained time for the nest hour and a hal as we alowly ascended the bibidill track pausias only once to Watch the tsiam in's launch settirg ofl on its annual pilgrimag
 inlia were on the boat, so wh mavad vicomously just in case th
had the binoculars focussed on us.
It was great to be out at last on what looked like being a good day. Ahead of us the craggy tor of Hallival was clear, although still glistening wet from the early rain. As we steadily gained the flanks of the north ridge we saw a figure outlined against the sky only yards away from the summit - we guessed it was Roger. A sudden increase in wind velocity and a few drops of rain made us keep well below the ridge crest, although we still continued to ascend the very broken flank of the mountain. Ten minutes later a clattering of scree made us look up and we saw Roger hurrying down towards the Bealach Barkeval. We shouted ourselves almost hoarse, but to no avail, our voices were lost in the wind.

The reason for his haste was soon apparent as masses of cloud swept over the ridge, this was also accompanied by heavy rain and we cursed our luck. We heard later that the Rover Scouts had been midway between Hallival and Askival when the storm came and that they also had retreated from the main ridge. So although we did not know it at the time, we had the mountains of Rhum all to ourselves. As this was our last full day on the island we decided to try and ride out the storm for as long as we could. We huacled against some giant boulders about two hundred feet from the summit and had a bite to eat. An hour passed without too ruch discomfort and then 10 and behold the rain stopped, the wind dropped to a whisper and glimpses of blue sky appeared as if by nagic over the sodden landscape.

Frank rose and shook himself. "Let's knock this one off while we can" he said, as he drained the last drop of coffee from his flask (he always carries two!). The last two hundred feet were easy scrambling on rock called Allivite and soon the three of us stood on the mist-shrouded, gently rounded top at a modest height of $2,365^{\prime}$. We'd made it at our third attempt! The mist cleared for a few seconds and Margaret spotted the Mausoleum on sun-kissed Harris Bay, also a quick glimpse of cloud capped Skye Cuillin and the coastline of Loch Scavaig.

Five minutes later we were on our way down the ridge towards Askival - this was easy but with some interesting scrambling on the last two hundred feet to the col. The mist was still with us as we explored this unique grassy saddle. The grass is short as befits a bowling green and the whole area is riddled with the burrows of the small seabirds called Manx Shearwaters. The birds spend the daylight hours on the sea between Rhum, Skye and Eigg and then when it is almost dark they arrive at these holes in their thousands (there are an estimated 70,000 pairs nesting on Rhum). They are so ungainly on land thet if they arrived in daylight they would be harrassed by marauding gulls and Rhum Eagles.

Soon the north ridge of Askival appeared through the mist, gently rounded at first, it soon gave way to rock scrambling of a similar nature to the easier parts of Skye. The rock is mainly Allivite, a light coloured rock with dark spots scattered over it. When seen close to - it seemed almost as good as gabbro. In the misty conditions the ridge occasionally looked very impressive with magnificent gendarmes, the main one being the famous Askival Pinnacle. This is undoubtedly the finest part of the main ridge traverse and was suitably enjoyed by us all;
a rope is not necessary although we carried one with us in case. The summit of Askival, the highest peak on Rhum, was finally reached by scrambling over large blocks to the Trig point at 2,659'.

Again we had no really good views because of the mist, but we had no difficulty in finding our correct ridge to descend and soon we were scrambling down towards the Bealach an Oir (the Pass of Gold). In no time we were in glorious sunshine with fine views of Glen Harris on one side and the beautiful shaped Glen Dibidil on the other, and we were also able to see several groups of red deer feeding on the slopes of both glens. The pass itself was wide with fine short grass and superb views of the Isle of Eigg four miles away across the Sound of Rhum.

We could easily have left the main ridge here and descended into Glen Dibidil, and as the time was almost $4.15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. we did think seriously of doing this. However the lure of completing the traverse and making up for our earlier fallures was far too strong, so with Margaret leading we made our way up the wide steep riage of Trollaval. In less than an hour we were on the Peak of Trolls at 2,300', the most central of the Rhum Guillins. The summit ridge of this peak is very airy and requires care. Luckily the mist had gone and we enjoyed fantastic views of the surrounding islands and lonely Loch Papadil. This mountain has some of the longest and finest climbing on the island including a four hundred foot wall of gabbro called Harris Buttress. The main ridge now swings sharply to the South with a steep descent down the flanks of some very good climbing areas.

Our next objective, Ainshaval 2,552', now loomed impressively rising steeply from the Pass of Springs 1730' just below us, in a great rock buttress, followed by a sharp arete and a curving rim of short cliffs leading to the just visible summit. The cloud was again building up rapialy, and as we tolled laboriousl round the buttress on its west side, the mist once more enveloped us completely, only this time it was accompanied by the finest drizzle. The rocks (mostiy quartz felsite) quickly became treacherous and route finding very difficult, as the mountain tried to hide her secrets behind a claminy white shroud. We were now feeling very tired and it was a great relief when a short simey gully led us through the cliffs and onto the final grassy top of Ainshaval, the second hichest on Rhum. Frank followed us a couple of minutes later, even more relieved to se the top than we had been. He swallowed what was left of his second flask of coffee, draining the last dregs into his permanently parched mouth, and said. "Is this the last peak, can we go down now! When I informed him that there were still two more to go, a glazed look came into his eyes. "Can't you see I'm Chinese lacquered!" he gasped. I could but did not admit knowins that he had already done more peaks in a day than ever before, I sympathised and then convinced him that the only way for a true oread was over those two last summits.

The first one we easily gained by following the rim of the Forgotten Corrie to the small cairn marking Sgurr nan Goibhrea 2,475' (not named on the map). On a fine sunny day this peak would hardly be noticed, but in misty conditions we experience the cairn was a confidence booster and from here we took a compass bearing on the final peak, Sgurr nan Gillian. As the
swirled in ever thicker we followed the undulating high plateaux with a final rise to the large cairn at $2,503^{\circ}$ the southernmost geak on Rhum - the time was 7.15 p.m. Accorcing to the excellend guide to Rhum by Hamish M. Brown, the descent of this peak towards Dibidil is not straightforward and the steep broken ground followed by a steep grassy flank merits V.S. grading at the end of a long day.

We duly took our time and carefully descended in a southerly direction first down some scree slopes, then by two interesting gullies, and finally emerging from beneath the clouds at around the $1,700^{\prime}$ contour into the full glory of an Hebridean evening, Eigg and Muck still sunlit, swam on a silver sea watched over by a crescent moon. Within an hour we had reached Dibidil bothy, a magnificent place to spend the night surrounded by mountains, yet less than a hundred yards from the turbulent sea - the time was 8.45 p.m. Alas we had not much time to tarry, already Shirley and the girls would be wondering where we'd got to. We ate our emergency rations (three Mars bars), fed Frank the last of the glucose tablets and then had a look in the hut book, quickly seeing the name of a fellow Oread, Jim Kershaw.

Wie were a little dismayed to find that most people had taken around three hours to cover the six miles from Kinloch and that in broad daylight: As we rather reluctantly shouldered our sacs and left this haven at 9.10 p.m. our eyes were immediately attracted towards the Bealach an Oir between Askival and Trollaval. The westering sun, free at last from the clinging clouds, was lighting the pass and the now mist-free peaks with its brilliant light. Fyom the col the main watershed of the glen came down to our feet like a bubbling river of gold.

With this lasting memory of a fantastic end to a wonderful day, we made light work of the six miles back to kinloch. As we entered camp it started to rain, the time was $11.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. The end of a very long day, but one we would remember for the rest of our lives.

The following day we sailed for the mainland and as we left Rhum we changed boats with a score of Gillies from the main estates of Scotland, gojng to the island to leam the art of deer stalking, We hoped they too would enjoy the bsautiles of Rhum as we had done.
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The nite began in the "Wheatsheaf" and some three drinkinç hours later sixty or seventy eager movers returned to the hut to demolish cur now famous "Norweigan Table". This year, literally creaking with savouries and goodies. As advertised, tre dancing was to "Big Belly Carnel's Disco", spot prizes and novelties followed, until the moment all eagerly awaited: Hanaley, now flushed with Scotch courage, challengea Aprleby for what sadly may be the last time. To say he was thrashed in a sequence of trials of strength by this younger, fitter man was rutting it mildy! Eventually we got to bed, and after a 10.30 dawn the barn was mucked out and the debris successfully disposed of. Grudgingly a groun of us chased "Foxtrot ashoroft" to roggate and back in a toxcential downous.

What io I remember? A good day out on Saturday, the session in the pub, the grub (many thanks girls) and the laughs. So what did we miss, not much i think. Probably one of Margaret Hooley's rubber mince pies. My thanks once again to all who came and gave it hell:

## 8

Copy of letter sent to Mr. W. Hayes from Mr. T. Daffern, 106 Wimbledon Crescent, Calgary I3C 3JI, PIBerta.

Dear Mr. Hayes,
The book "Climb If You Will" has arrived safely. We very much appreciate your efforts to get us a copy. Glad to hear the book's a sell ous - it certainly got good reviews in the Climbing Magazines.

We knew some of the Oread very well - George Sutton, Eric Byne, Harry Pretty and Jim Kershaw who was up in Spitzbergen with us in 1950. It's interesting to find out what they are doing these days. I was also considerably surprised to find myself on a photo taken on the 1958 Marsden-Rowsley Walk!

We're returning to Ergland for a holiday at Christmas and are wondering how we'll find things.

Climbing over here in the Canadian Rockies is very much in its infancy - few huts, few people and every climb an expedition still many, many unclimbed peaks. Actualll. I can't wait to get back and have a good bash over the Deroyshire Moors:

> Thanks again,

Qur best wishes.
Gill and Tony Daffern.

## REG. SQUIRES

A man stood hitting his head against a brick wall and was asked why, he replied "well its great when its stops". Sitilng in the dining room of the Church Hotel, warmly contemplating gammon \& chips, we knew just what he meant. The thirty-six hour trama ofrain, sodien cioties a wind that left staggering bodies all the way up Lar ory Hill, and knee-deep oozing peat marked us all. Iven the veteran masochish aud slavedriver Ashoroft was keeping quiet (except in the cabin whexe he insisted on talking on the subject he inclines to-all bloody night.) But maybe this was a subereaus protest at the conditions. Certain ageing members of the club were absents for the meet, the result of a recontoitrc the previous week-end, it was stated by Bingham that they were degenerate. By Sunday it was evident that they were merely cunning, suah were the thoughts eagineered by a few jars of ale and the previously mentioned gamon.

An element of competition entered into the crossing of the moor on the Friday night, possibly occasioned by the rumour that we were booked into Lockesbrook on the Saturday and not the Friday! The result however was fairly nomal-a shambles, once more, williams rising ory of "Follow me, this is the way", was heard, whereupon he disappeared alone and was not seen for some hours. Jhon Dench, straight from the bush in tropical greens and solar topee, fell by the wayside in Golden Olough following a four hour sundowner in the Nag's Head. Eventually, Lockerbrook was reached where Pete Scott (after breaking into the place ) performrd the lastrites.

Saturday's stroll turned into a grueller. It started pleasently at first, up the path from the Derwent Dam, then Abbey Brook until the waterfall near the top was reached. Here a cold, wet Iunch was taken In the cabin. Ever onwards, we flogged upFeatherbed Hoss and eventualy met the wind on Margery Hill. With infated cagovles and bodres leaning drunkenly, loose rocks flying away at the touch of a boot we finaly arrived, via Bull Clough and a long'slog up the Derwent riack, into. Lower Small clough. No sympathy was offered to anybody-from anybody.

The serio-comic situation of having twenty-five bodies in the Lower Small clough cabins sent a breakaway group over to an abode in the West End. It was adequate (and only just)for five bodies, but around IO. Opm a knock on the door, greeted by a chorus of "sod off", was followed by Kershaw's dramatic entrance, who looked somewhat haggard after searching for Small clough for some six hours without map or compass; or even torch. Back at the cabins in Lower Sinall olough the usual social stratification was evident with Chambers, Radcliffe and company in the lower refuge and the plebians (supervised by Scott from his now traditional perch on the table)in the upper one. There was no escaping water, it was running down the wall and right through the hut. Jim winfield 'cast off' on his lilo and declared water beds to be just the thing.Graham Slater (on his first meet) wondered why no one slopt in the corner and Ruoty sjopt under the table, which is a position he is not used to.

Sunday dawned at the crack of $9.0 a m$, ", an with the clag right down. A good day did not seen 2 ikely, so it was agreed that a rapid retreat down into the Yest End was onn A pleasent stroll down to Alport, and one thell of a flog up.Blackuen brought us into the olag?agan. Small, but numerous pacizes could be sposted ruming about in all directions, but all eventualy arrived back in Edale for the gammon \& chips.
Thanks for coming - see you next year.
Attendence-23 members and 4 prospective members.

## SXMONONDS YAT. (april IIth-I3th)

## DAVE APPL RBY

Judith, Elizabeth and I arrived early on the Saturday morning to meet up with Keith Gregson and Stuart Firth on the campsite at Christchurch. The latter two set off for the orags while we were settling in,meeting up in the Cemacea's Heac, down by the river at lunchotime. After some refresbuent the three of $u_{0}$ :"blaned to the orag, leaving Judiun to make Ler own wag brok to the oamp... site with the aipper.

We wore all in an'attacking mood' whon we arrivad boion the Seven sisters - Gxegron threw himself at the crag wita a extain arwount of atcoholio aggresston, followed by Stuart who thikea non stop. It Whis not until he went into totial silenoe that we readsed that Keath had on the end of his rogs five pint harred of sorumpy in the corietive body of stuaxt. It wers on like a panto-mime, but eventually aill was well and a return was made to the foot of the orag.

Not kaving a guide book didn belp, espentaliz when the meet leader was forced into taking the other two on mhet keith sad had better be a good route or else! One was seleoted whith colid only be coscutbed as suicidal (the meet leader now knoring priot to laaving the ground). It was like clinotigg a veatical book oaseif you didnt like the hold you put it' buek, it was agzeed by all that it was O.K to stand to stand on a loose block so long as fou dicin ${ }^{14}$ give it an owtward pull. Scrumpy stamit was wishing bes $\alpha$ had gnother conple of pints as he set off, throwizg loose blooks far and wics. The route finushed up a vertion' chos'af mak, orowngd by an unsummoutible tree that had to be oiroumavigated by using ones teeth: The meet Leader was told in a very direct manner, and with very few words thet he wasn't to pick another route until we had all sobered up.

Several more cimbs were done(on very sound rock) before a hasty return was made to the cempsite. A weal was consumed as the sun went down, followed. by a two hour stint in the boozer. A good day indeed.

On the Sunday Keith and Stuart returned to the crag and gave it more punishmeat while Judith, Eljzabeth and. I went for a walk in the forest.

It was a very small turn-out but the weather was good and the campsite pleasant whion made up for the lack of interast shown in the neet. Lets hope that more people turn up nazt year.

Warted Ior this years annual dinner- actors, strippers, plastic boobs.
Wigs and $G$ strings. Aiso some good ideras and proferably a sotipt. Contact Sir Raymond "Dolfonti" Handey as goon as rossible (who actuolly stated after the last dinner thet bo would organtas the nezt

## PROFILE

GEOPGE RHODES
George "see em off" Rnodes is first on our list in this reinstatement of PROFILE.

He is known by most Oreads but probably our recent generation recognise him as the man who comes up well with the leaders in the Dovedale Dash. George set the early record for this event and donated the trophy which is competed for each year.

He joined the club in 1962 at the age of 67 just after having major transplant surgery, namely two bullocks legs in place of the common or garden sort that we lesser mortals have to put un with. It wa s not long after this that Handley gave up serious running.

George's natural ability, his ever will to win along with stamina, guts, competitive spirit and mile after mile of training, led him to represent England at the Empire Games in 1934 (that dates him and a few more besides!) It can only be to his credit that he has run in many major events up and down the country, always with splendid success. But the Dash always remains his favourite and we can be sure that for many more years we shall see his stocky figure weaving its way up to the front of the field where it belongs. George will be changed back into his whistle and flute having consumed at least three pints of the 'girlies' tea before Tom Green and Dave Williams turn into the bottom of the drive for the final tortuous finish.

Last year he was still tucking them under his belt by taking three major 'veterans' titles. First was the Three Peaks Race (Pen-y-Ghent, Ingleborough and Whernside); secondly in the Edale "Skyliner" which I believe takes in Grindsbrook around to Brown Knoll, Lords Seat over Mam Tor, Losehill, Winhill-about turn, right hand up a bit over the edges and so back to Edale. Last but not least he went on and took another over-40's title in the Three Towers Race which I believe is a mere 20 mile amble arouna Cannock Chase.

On the climbing scene, and that's why he joined the club, George has always been a competent mountaineer, and I'm sure he will agree, he has never claimed or even desired to be one of those fearless tigers that one finds in climbing who get tore pleasure at it than Fisher does throwing bricks at plate glass windows. He spends a lot of time in Wales, with his family, where he has a delightful cottage in the Betws-y-Coed area. As well as the Oread he's also a member of the Rucksack Club.

In between all these activities he runs a very successful garage and motor car concern - altogether a most delightful companion, a first-class athlete and a valuable asset to the Oread Mountaineering Club.


I trust you have enjoyed this edition of your newsletter - if so, just put pen to payer, send it off and I'll get my fingers worn down to the bone again - with pleasure.

Since'our mans' last visit to that most celibrated mountains of all mountains, the Matterhorn, certain facts have come to light. It appears, on talking to an official from the winistry of Tourism in Basle that he has set them a bit of a problem, causing much confusion as well as some considerable cost. It ail revolves around his last ascent of the HUrnli ridge. So much congestinn was calrsed by his habitual and selfish 45 minute stint that souething jugt had to be done. Consequently, the ministry have poured it thousumis of franos into a rare conveniance- a ful'y functionai Gas-nomered 7otatory which converts human waste in o dust. th is sithasuec just below the the fjxed ropes above the shoulder, As most of you snow fither by actual ascent or by guide book ) there are sovery in fumber therefore the 100 has been situated at the side of the aoge that is populax with the Americans (he never has likad them sitace the day they entered theinselves'into the last war).

Recent statistics show that on a good day some J. 50 climbers attempt the peak so you can imagine the probiems, the hold-ups our man' causes on that knife-edge ridge. So after many months of research \& development they came up with the gas-powered 100. A trial run was made, in the latter part of the : 74 seacon but the 100 was noti an unquiffied success due to a temrementel burner setting, a rarefied avmesphere and failure to supply operaving instructions in several 2ariguages.

An official explained," as soon as you have finished you put down the seat lid and the contents start buraing- thereds an electric battery, a cylinder of compressed gas and a 7 foot chamsy. WEa are useing this type of 100 ewery day in the valley, and have done for many years but since your mans last visit to the mountain the ministry had to do something". He went on "It took the International Enviroment Corps seven weeks to get $3 t$ up there and a further two weeks to get it going'. He looked at me with a palaed face"Weve heard he's coming back this year, can't you suggers to him that he goes to another area ". "I'll see what I can do", was my reply, "But he has thas thing to prove to Wilson- something to do with the older generation and all. that ".

The official mopped his brow and then raised his head and looked up at the mountain. "Then theres the telephone ", he sald.
"What telephone", said I, looking rather enquiringiy. "Whats this about a telephone",
"Well, a couple of years ago a violent storm hit the rade and blew away his pigeon loft (used for worldwide communication), It was situated just behind the Solvay Hut, pageons were scattered every-where-in all directions, it was a dissastrous affair. Well, your man cane along and insisted that we make amends or offer an alternative sysitem of some kind. He kept on shouting, Do you know who I am , and started mentioning Numgs like Herr Rettigashen and Frau Welbunz. Are they polititions in your coundsy ${ }^{1 i}$, he asked.
"No" I said, "but they can be jrect an amisz nge".
The last report is that instructions in seven languages have been fitted to the 100 (vader the seat) and ay be used by all, but the telephone is for the viso of iour man "on"y, unless someone returns the last breseding patir visoh tere Last seen in the bar at the LadyBower Inn.

Posi script. See roxt agifor actuai details on the 100 \& telephone.

